# آزمون کارشناسی ارشد وزارت بهداشت سال ۱۳۸۴

فايل سوالات

EMAD JAFARI









نوبت پنج شنبه صبح

#### Part One:

**Reading Comprehension** 

#### **Directions**

Read the following passages carefully. Each one is followed by several questions about it. Choose the one best answer, (a), (b), (c), or (d), to each question. Then on your answer sheet, fill in the space that corresponds to the letter of the answer you have chosen. Base your answer to each question on the information given in the passage only.

#### **Passage One**

Many of us still believe that in order to be healthy we must have eight hours of sleep a night; or that if we sleep poorly over a period of time, we'll get lines in our faces, bags under our eyes, a worn look, and worst of all, be unable to perform our daily tasks efficiently.

"Untrue," says Dr. Alice Kuhn Schwartz, psychologist and co-author of <u>Somniquest</u>. "You may look awful to yourself, but except for the first hour or so in the morning when you probably will be puffy-eyed due to depletion of a certain hormone that's the result of lack of sleep, you'll soon look like your usual self and perform normally. If you do feel worn, the cause is stress, not lack of sleep. Also, there is no set number of hours you must sleep to maintain good health. Some people get along beautifully on four and a half hours, others sleep nine hours. Anywhere within that range is normal."

- 1. According to Dr. Schwartz, those who sleep poorly .......
- a) are unable to do their work properly
- b) look abnormal during the day
- c) can perform as usual
- d) will get lines in their faces

2.	The	idea-on	lack o	of sleep	exp	ressed in	ı this	reac	ling	selection	 what	most	peor	ole	belie	ve.
		Idea on	Itte CII (	or siech	CILP	I COSC II		1 0000	21115	SCICCIOII	 *		Peol	,,,	OCIIC	, -,

a) contrasts with

b) approves of

c) corresponds with

d) incorporates in

# 3. In order to maintain good health ......

- a) everybody should sleep about eight hours
- b) stress should primarily be overlooked
- c) people should sleep either 4 1/2 or 9 hours
- d) one should meet his own sleep need

# 4. Dr. Schwartz argues that the feeling of tiredness is due to ........

a) lack of sleep

- b) one's psychological tensions
- c) depletion of a certain hormone
- d) the person's profession

#### 5. What happens to the hormone mentioned ...... lack of sleep.

a) is caused by

b) results in

c) has nothing to do with

d) contributes to

#### **Passage Two**

For most people, anxiety is a temporary response to stress. It becomes an illness (only when the symptoms persist so that they dominate one's whole life. Symptoms of anxiety area feeling of fear or apprehension for no apparent reason, and outward signs of this include flushing of the face, dilation of the pupils, rapid heartbeat (palpitations), sweating and muscular "tension that may lead to pain, as in a tension headache. This mental and physical state is in fact a readiness to run away or fight for one's life, called the "fight or flight" response, and is the same in all animals. For, some people, this feeling of anxiety is prolonged, while others have frequent so – called "panic attacks" without warning, when symptoms are intense.

These "anxiety states" may be related to emotional problems or to circumstances, even though the sufferer may not realize it. Some people react more strongly to stressful situations such as exams or changing jobs than others, and are thus more susceptible to anxiety.

6. According to the text, anxiety is
a) the basic cause of stress
b) an illness with no symptoms
c) mostly a short-lived strong reaction to stress
d) a disease that dominates everyone's life

7. Anxiety	patients	feel	frighten	ied	• • • •	• • • • • •	•
------------	----------	------	----------	-----	---------	-------------	---

- a) because of tension headaches b) because they sweat too much
- c) when experiencing palpitations d) without simplest justification

# 8. "Fight or flight" response occurs when a person .........

- a) runs too fast b) has to fight animals
- c) is unable to fight or escape

  d) faces a very difficult situation

# 9. It is said that anxiety .....

- a) is the sole cause of emotional difficulties
- b) occurs mostly in persons giving exams
- c) prevents individuals from getting jobs
- d) is frequently manifested in panic attacks

#### 10. The passage mostly discusses .......

a) illnesses leading to anxietyb) anxiety and its preventionc) anxiety-its etiologyd) stressful situations

#### **Passage Three**

Until recently, the study of human evolution was based entirely on the historical record of fossils and archeological findings. Understanding history by-examining the available archives is infinitely better than speculating on the basis of preconceptions, but historical records, as we have already noted, are never complete. Furthermore, to paraphrase one of the advocates of molecular genetic techniques, a fossil may or may not have left descendants, but all our molecules had ancestors. Consequently the recent use of molecular genetics to study human origins opens an exciting new window on the subject. In science, new and different perspectives^ frequently initiate the questioning of assumptions and the reinterpretation of older data, but a richer and more accurate understanding generally emerges. Study of the last several hundred thousand years of evolution of Homo sapiens is currently in such a dynamic state.

#### 11. As to the study of human evolution today and in the past, it is stated that ..........

- a) the former is unidimensional
- b) the latter is less exciting than the former
- c) both are not multidimensional and precise
- d) both are dynamic, exciting and reliable

# 12. The writer of this paragraph mostly supports ..... in the study of human origin.

- a) the use of historical records
- b) speculating merely on the basis of preconceptions
- c) interpreting older data and forming assumptions
- d) the application of molecular genetics

# 13. One of the advocates of molecular genetics is paraphrased here to ..........

- a) illustrate the drawbacks of the historical record approach
- b) encourage researchers to stop using archeological findings
- c) highlight the importance of human evolution
- d) reject the reinterpretations of older data

#### 14. "Such a dynamic state" (the last line) refers to ..........

- a) rejecting the assumptions based on older data
- b) using new perspectives while investigating older data
- c) the comparison and contrast of new and old records
- d) the emergence of questions about human evolution

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#### 15. It is understood from this paragraph that the studies of human evolution ........

- a) should be based on historical records entirely medical students
- b) were static in the past rather than dynamic
- c) must focus on archives while forming preconceptions
- d) have mostly improved through archeological findings

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#### **Passage Four**

The common understanding of intelligence involves individual comprehension, reasoning, and judgment. Simple as this sounds, psychologists continue to wrestle with the concept of intelligence. Much effort has gone into measuring intelligence by tests designed to distinguish among individuals and to distribute the results on a numerical scale. This places emphasis on variation among individuals rather than on differences in the sensory input that is occurring. As a consequence, until relatively recently, study of the cognitive processes that supports intelligence has not received as much experimental attention as various measures of intelligence. Furthermore there has been little agreement the attributes that comprise intelligence.

IQ tests are a good example of a narrow conception of intelligence. They are designed to predict success in school. It is naive to suppose that the complex and "varied intellectual faculties of any individual can be properly captured by a single number. Both context and knowledge (as well as beliefs) must be important to finding intelligent solutions.

16.	According	to this	nassage.	until	recently	nsycholo	ngists l	have	mostly	heen	involved	l in	
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- a) measuring intelligence through different tests
- b) finding cognitive processes underlying intelligence
- c) formulating cognitive theories regarding intelligence
- d) judging about the real concept of intelligence

# 17. "Simple as this sounds ...", this clause means .......

- a) when this sounds simple
- b) although it seems to be simple
- c) this is as simple as others
- d) as long as it is simple

# 18. Cognitive processes underlying intelligence have not been carefully studied since ........

- a) psychologists wrestle with the concept of intelligence
- b) the common concept of intelligence is so naive
- c) psychologists have mostly focused on individual differences
- d) various measures of intelligence have been used successfully

#### 19. According to the text, the results of IQ tests are ........

- a) too complex to be reliable
- b) consistently agreed upon
- c) as inclusive as they must be
- d) too limited to measure intelligence

# 20. The text aims at understanding ......

- a) the popularity of intelligence tests
- b) the nature of intelligence
- c) specific tests of intelligence
- d) general cognitive processes

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11 / 11	ست ن	بهداست	و ر ر ر	، رست	ت رست سی	ا رسوں

#### **Passage Five**

Hypnosis is a state allied to sleep; it may be called an artificial sleep by the personal influence of the hypnotizer. Some authors refuse to regard hypnosis as allied to sleep on the ground that subjects in hypnosis are lively, walk and talk, and observe the world about them with all their senses. If one merely induces deep hypnosis and leaves the patient alone, the resemblance of hypnosis to normal sleep is very close. He then lies inert in a condition distinguishable from sleep only in one way, namely, in that he continues for some time to be responsive to the operator in a quite peculiar manner, indicated by the word rapport. Hut if the patient is left to himself, this peculiarity passes away gradually, and the condition becomes indistinguishable from normal sleep; the patient will then continue to sleep for some little time and waken spontaneously as from normal sleep. One essential problem of hypnosis is, then, the nature of this rapport; and this problem is one of extreme interests.

21. Many scientists lin a) acknowledge the existence of b) have openly refuted the existe c) have already demonstrated ful d) seem to have just started work	numerous ence of any	sleep and l	typnosis.	1.	
22. Hypnosis may be comparal	ble t <mark>o sl</mark> eep	when the p	erson under tl	h <mark>e s</mark> tron	g influence of hypnosis is
a) previously informed c) left alone		b) actively d) observed	responding d carefully		
23. The word "rapport" (line 8	3) de <mark>scribes</mark>	the state in	n which the pa	tient is .	
<ul><li>a) strangely distinguishable</li><li>c) lively and observant</li></ul>			ly responsive		
24. If the patient under the inf	luence of h	vpnosis is le	eft to himself, t	the	••••
a) rapport will gradually vanish	•		will soon waker		
c) patient will pass away		d) rapport	will intensify		
25. The best title for this passa	ge could be	2			
a) artificial sleep			eous sleep		
c) the induction of hypnosis	$\Delta$ M	d) the bord	ler between hyp	pnosis an	id sleep
Part Two:	-1 1/		// \	(1)	-
Vocabulary					
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#### **Directions**

The following are incomplete sentences. Below each one four words or phrases marked, (a), (b), (c), or (d). Choose the one word or phrase which best completes the sentence.

26. Medicare	said that it intends to pa	y for counseling	to help some of the nation's f	four million older
smokers	the habit.			
a) reinforce	b) stabilize	c) quit	d) resume	

27. Health experts recommend all people to consume more vegetables and do mild exercise since these help ....... the risk of developing many diseases.

a) eliminate b) deteriorate c) accumulate d) augment

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28. In spite of substantial whichpeor		dical technology, the	ere are some physical and mental problems
a) prolong	b) flourish	c) reveal	d) threaten
29. Due to their infection.	children are usu	nally not allowed to g	o to places where there are any risks of
	b) proficiency	c) vulnerability	d) adaptability
30. The doctor warı her job.	ned the woman that h	er problem was	her work; so she was advised to change
•	b) attributable to	c) distinctive of	d) irrelevant to
31. No family ever pasked to pay.	oays for treatment	by insurance, a	nd families without insurance are always
a) agreed	b) conferred	c) made	d) covered
32. Today there is a reasoning capacities		ong toward	intere <mark>stin</mark> g methods which develop the
a) educationists	b) conventionalists	c) neurosurgeons	d) c <mark>ons</mark> ervatives
<b>33. As for stimuli to</b> a) honour	work, many writers b) reward	<b>have emphasized fea</b> c) prize	r of p <mark>unishment and hope of</mark>
34. Abnormal vision and other people.	n and hearing can lead	d to awarene	ess and interaction with the environment
a) vanished	b) replenished	c) banished	d) diminished
35. Some genes are malfunctions.	to the develo	opment of immune co	ells without which the immunity system
a) crucial	b) controversial	c) provisional	d) temporal
36. The health expe	rts committee advised	l the government to .	the health program as soon as
a) convey	b) postpone	c) impede	d) launch
37. Most of the rese	archer's findings wer	for medical education and the decision of the	students of seemingly unrelated events.
a) convention	b) innovation	c) observation	
	of some types of cel rs of them are availab	=	will grow and reproduce rapidly until
a) feasibility	b) insufficiency	c) variability	d) inaccessibility
39. Once a blood clo	<b>-</b> '	extends into surrour	nding blood, i.e. the clot a vicious
a) initiates	b) terminates	c) restricts	d) inhibits

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a) integrity

b) intricacy

c) appropriacy

d) adequacy

1	С	11	b	21	a	31	d
2	a	12	d	22	С	32	a
3	d	13	a	23	b	33	b
4	b	14	b	24	a	34	d
5	a	15	b	25	d	35	a
6	c	16	a	26	С	36	d
7	d	17	b	27	a	37	С
8	d	18	c	28	d	38	b
9	d	19	d	29	С	39	a
10	С	20	b	30	b	40	b













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نوبت پنج شنبه عصر

#### Part One:

# **Reading Comprehension**

#### **Directions**

Read the following passages carefully. Each one is followed by several questions about it. Choose the one best answer, (a), (b), (c), or (d), to each question. Then on your answer sheet, fill in the space that corresponds to the letter of the answer you have chosen. Base your answer to each question on the information given in the passage only.

#### **Passage One**

It is not hard to understand why the principle of confidentiality is important to both doctor and patient. The doctor must depend on the frankness and openness of the patient in order to make an accurate diagnosis. This often requires that the patient 'reveal embarrassing facts about himself. In order to alleviate anxiety about such facts being revealed, the doctor promises not to violate any confidences.

Obviously, if patients thought that doctors routinely publicized their problems, many would be extremely evasive in what they revealed to the doctor, some would even forego consulting a doctor. So, while ethical duty to the patient might play a role in the doctor's observance of the principle of confidentiality, there is a professional responsibility to diagnose and treat the patient.

1. The paragraph views the patient's frankness as a ......... achieving proper diagnosis.

a) preparation in

b) requisite for

c) performance for

- d) barrier against
- 2. The word "This" (line 3) refers to ..........
- a) revelation of the diagnosis
- b) patient's frankness and openness
- c) principle of confidentiality
- d) doctor's frankness
- 3. The text recommends doctors to ....... The principle of confidentiality.
- a) stop being worried about
- b) direct patient consultations at
- c) treat his patients regardless of
- d) r3emain loyal to
- 4. The physician's release of confidential records ....... a) could seriously harm patient confidence
- b) is routinely carried out nowadays
- c) is recommended on medical grounds
- d) could hasten patient recoverynglish for medical students
- 5. Patients' evading openness and foregoing consultation are referred to as a likely .........
- a) response to the release of their confidential records
- b) tactic to seek patients' cooperation
- c) sequence of doctor-patient consultations
- d) way of observing the principles of confidentiality







(a) emadjafari english

#### Passage Two

The mind-body effect should not be surprising in view of the experience over the years with placebos. The term placebo is used to describe a "pill" that contains no medical ingredients but that often produces the same effect as genuine medication. Placebos provide ample proof that expectations can have an effect on body chemistry. According to a recent article on placebos in *Medical World News*, studies conducted over the past 25 years have shown that placebos satisfactorily relieved symptoms in an average of 35 percent of patients tested. These symptoms include: fever, severe postoperative pain, Is, headache, and anxiety, among other complaints. The explanation for this strange phenomenon is that the human mind can actual actual changes in body chemistry as a result of what it believes. If, for example, a person believes that a certain medication contains a substance that can accomplish a specific need, the body tends to move in that direction.

# 6. It is implied that ......

- a) placebos are more effective than true medicine in most cases
- b) the relationship between the body and mind has not been established well
- c) placebos must be prescribed to avoid side-effects of the drugs
- d) the human physical and mental aspects are closely related

# 7. Experiments with placebos have .......

- a) indicated the interaction between body and mind
- b) increased the expectations one can have from his body chemistry
- c) rejected the great effects of real medication on the body
- d) revealed the priority of mind over body in the treatment of diseases

# 8. According to this reading selection, the body chemistry .......

- a) is rarely affected by one's belief in what the drug does
- b) may undergo change when one thinks it does
- c) affects people's attitude towards drugs and placebos
- d) produces necessary changes in the drug taken

# 9. It is implied that the effect of a real drug ......

- a) is independent of people's attitudes toward it
- b) depends on how its ingredients affect the chemistry of the body
- c) may be accelerated or otherwise based on one's belief
- d) depends on the time and type of substance which is mixed students

#### **Passage Three**

Breathing secondhand smoke can be harmful to children's health including asthma, Sudden Infant Death Syndrome (SIDS), bronchitis and pneumonia and ear infections. Children's exposure to secondhand smoke is responsible for: (1) increase in the number of asthma attacks and severity of symptoms in 200,000 to 1 million children with asthma; (2) between 150,000 and 300,000 lower respiratory tract infection (for children under 18 months of age); and, (3) respiratory tract infections resulting in 7,500 to 15,000 hospitalizations each year. The developing lungs of young children are severely affected by exposures to secondhand smoke for several reasons including that children are still developing physically, have higher breathing rates than adults, and have little control over their indoor environments. Children receiving high doses of secondhand smoke, such as those with smoking mothers, run the greatest risk of damaging health effects. These mothers are not to smoke in their home and car until they can quit, nor are they to allow family and visitors to do so.

	risk of damaging health effects. These mothers are not to smoke in a they to allow family and visitors to do so.					
10. Asthmatic attack is referred to as	one of the of exposure to secondhand smoke.					
a) responsibilities	b) complications					
c) severities	d) deficiencies					
11. In the passage, we read that ear in	fections in children may be					
a) the result of their living habits						
b) a severe threat to the child's life						
c) due to exposure to secondhand smoke						
d) treated by exposing ear to cigarette sr	noke					
12. One reason that adults are less sus	sceptible to smoke than babies with smoking mothers is their					
•••••						
a) higher capacity	b) breathing rates					
c) developing lungs	d) indoor environment					
13. Babies and toddlers are especially	vulnerable to the health risks from secondhand smoke as they					
a) are still being breast-fed	b) start smoking at very young age					
c) can hardly change the environment	d) are independent of their surroundings					
c) can hardry change the chivilonment	d) are independent of their surroundings					
14. Smoking mothers are recommend	ed to					
a) quit their children	b) move to another room					
c) stop smoking immediately	h fd) stop smoking indoors dents					
15. A good title for this passage is						
a) child risks	b) smoking mothers					
c) smoking rooms	d) child susceptibility to smoke effects					
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#### **Passage Four**

The passage of an electric current through the body may be without effect, may cause sudden death, or may cause thermal injury to organs interposed in the pathway of the current. Many variables are involved, but the most important are the resistance of the tissue^ to the conductance of the electric current and the intensity of the current. The greater the resistance of tissues, the greater the heat generated. Although all tissues of the body are conductors of electricity, their resistance to flow varies inversely with their water content.

The thermal effects of the passage of the electric current depend on its intensity. High- intensity current, such as lightning coursing along the skin, produces linear arborizing bums known as lightning marks. Sometimes intense current is conducted around the victim (so-called *flashover*), blasting and disrupting the clothing but doing little injury. When lightning is transmitted internally, focal hemorrhages from raptures of small vessels may be seen in the brain. Sometimes, death is preceded by violent convulsions related to brain damage.

16. It is inferred from the first	paragraph that tissues with less wa	ter Those with more water.
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a) are more resistant than

b) have the same resistance as

c) are less resistant than

d) have double resistance as

# 17. The amount of heat which is produced mostly depends on the ...........

a) resistance of the tissues

b) lightning marks

c) types of one's clothing

d) arborizing bums

#### 18. It is inferred from paragraph one that tissues which are more resistant to conductivity ..........

- a) contain large amount of water
- b) are more prone to injury

c) can intensify the current

d) diminish much of the heat

# 19. As to lightning coursing along the skin and flashover ........

- a) the former is usually less damaging than the latter
- b) the latter passes rapidly along the skin
- c) both operate in the same manner
- d) none is caused by low-intensity currents

#### 20. According to the second paragraph, ......

- a) death may be followed by brain damage
- b) death may follow violent convulsions
- c) violent convulsions can proceed from death
- d) brain damage can proceed from death

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#### **Passage Five**

Most community wastewater treatment plants are not designed to treat harmful substances such as paints, solvents, oil, or pesticides, so these chemicals should not flushed down the toilet or dumped into the sewer. Similarly, most community landfills are not equipped to handle hazardous materials; these substances should not go in the trash or be dumped on the ground or buried.

Do use and dispose of harmful materials properly. More importantly, limit use of such products and substitute a non-hazardous product when possible. When This is not possible, buy only as much as you need. Hazardous products used around the home include some oven cleaners, toilet bowl cleaners, drain" cleaners, bleaches, dust removers, paints, solvents, polishers, carpet and furniture cleaners and glues. If you don't completely use up a hazardous product, give it to someone who needs it or take it to a hazardous waste or recycling center, lake advantage of household hazardous waste collection days if your community offers them.

If you must use pesticides and fertilizers on your lawn and garden, use them in moderation. Your country extension service can provide information on natural ways to control lawn, garden, and tree pests which can reduce reliance on chemicals.

21. Paints, pesticides, and ble	aches	are	e examples of						
a) non-hazardous products b) substances often buried in landfills									
c) chemicals dumped into the s	ewer		d) materials harming the environment						
e) enemicals damped into the s	00 00 01		d) materials harming the curvitonment						
22. A hazardous product not	utiliz	ed c	completely is recommended to be						
a) given away			b) thrown a way						
c) done with temporarily			d) taken to community landfills						
c) done with temporarity			d) taken to community fandings						
22 D	C 1	c							
	i nar	miu	l material discussed in the passage is a						
a) recommended precaution			b) curative measure						
c) hazardous action d) common practice									
24. The use of pesticides is re-	comm	ieno	led						
a) in abundance			b) as the last resort						
c) along with fertilizers			d) as the most effective means						
e) drong with forthizers			d) as the most effective means						
25. This is an extract of a text	t on								
	t UII								
<ul><li>a) waste disposal sufficiency</li><li>b) harmful materials developments</li><li>c) wastewater treatment</li><li>d) protecting environment</li></ul>									
c) wastewater treatment	_  `	17	d) protecting environment						
english for medical students									

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Part Two: Vocabulary		ال <mark>۱۳۸۴</mark>	آزمون کارشناسی ارشد وزارت بهداشت س				
ŭ –	complete sentences. Be d or phrase which best o		words or phrases marked, (a), (b), (c), or (d).				
<b>26.</b> Childhood is a sa) trend	b) procedure		cture of life stuff. d) dream				
<b>27. Those parts of t</b> a) retarded	he mind which are tir b) strengthened	ed can be rested and c) deteriorated	by using other parts.				
28. Physicians present a) take in	cribed antibiotics for to b) ward off	the patient to	the infection. d) check out				
29. Although the pa	nin was temporarily re	e <mark>lieved, it could not b</mark>	e completely d) augmented				
	led the of the b) development		ases of dangerous side effects were reported. d) prescription				
31. The old patient'a) sustained	s broken ribs had b) removed	the lungs and ca					
32. The professor sa a) assess	aid he would accept the		m to his acceptance in writing.  d) ignore				
33. He made a/an a) definite	recovery and so b) unexpected	o he was never able to c) speedy	o walk properly after the accident. d) partial				
,			s to the best of your ability without getting				
a) oversized	b) smashed	c) anxious	d) exhausted				
a) determine	b) duplicate	c) exemplify	eslots of stuff. d) multiply				
36. The University Faculty Senate approved ten goals of undergraduate education and authorized the of a pilot program to implement these goals.							
a) enterprise	b) suspension	c) establishment	d) association				
<b>37. Today, there ar</b> a) disadvantaged	e several mechanisms b) better-off	for health care finan c) well balanced	cing available to children. d) prosperous				

آزمون کارشناسی ارشد وزارت بهداشت سال ۱۳۸۴ 38. After several visits to an ambulatory care facility, a list of the patient's problems was ...... a) compiled b) protected c) treated d) promoted 39. In counseling, the subject is encouraged to set specific goals and avoid anxiety ...... situations. d) perceiving a) pretending b) provoking c) performing 40. Abrasion is a minor wound which may result from the rubbing away or ...... of an area of the skin. a) refraining b) swelling c) scraping d) swallowing

		_					
1	b	11	C	21	d	31	d
2	b	12	b	22	a	32	b
3	d	13	C	23	a	33	d
4	a	14	d	24	b	34	d
5	a	15	d	25	d	35	a
6	d	16	a	26	С	36	С
7	a	17	a	27	b	37	a
8	b	18	b	28	b	38	a
9	С	19	d	29	a	39	b
10	b	20	b	30	С	40	С

# EMAD JAFARI





